# DISCUSSION AND UPDATE ON ACTIVITIES FOR THE COUNTY GSAS IN MADERA, CHOWCHILLA AND DELTA-MENDOTA SUBBASINS

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Director of Water & Natural Resources
June 4, 2019

### OUTLINE

- Status of GSPs
- Sustainability Goals
- Monitoring Networks
- Draft Minimum Thresholds and Measurable Objectives

### STATUS OF GSPS

- Madera Joint GSP Chapters One and Two have been released; July 2019 release date for complete draft
- Comment form available at maderacountywater.com
- Public Comments for Madera Joint GSP at MaderaGSPComments@maderacounty.com
- GSPs for Chowchilla and Delta Mendota are coming out in late July/early August

### ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO COUNTY GSAS

- Met twice in May
- Discussing allocations and alternatives
- Will meet again June 20, 2019 at 2 p.m.

### SUSTAINABILITY GOALS

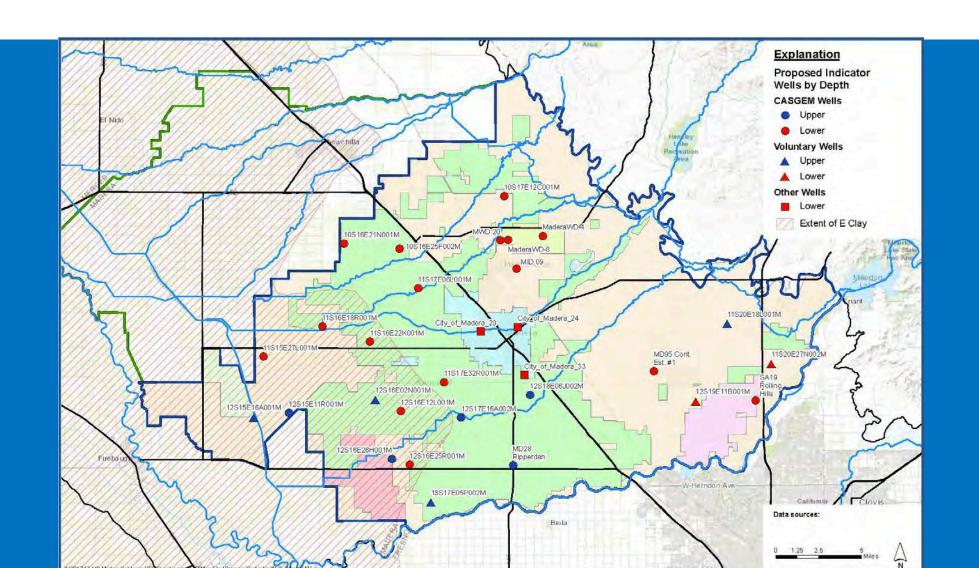
#### 1. Goal description

- Implement a package of projects and management actions to balance groundwater system inflows with outflows
  - No economic, social, and environmental undesirable results

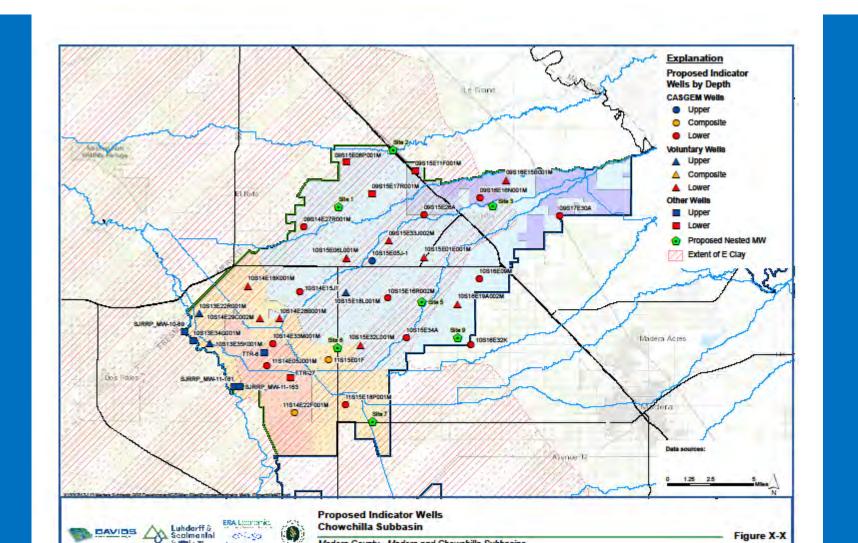
#### 2. Discussion of measures

- Recharge projects,
- Projects that replace groundwater use with surface water use (in lieu) and
- Management actions that reduce demand
- 3. Explanation of how the goal will be achieved in 20 years
  - Increase recharge
  - Decrease groundwater extraction
    - Use more surface water
    - Reduce crop consumptive use

### MONITORING NETWORK - MADERA



### MONITORING NETWORK - CHOWCHILLA



### MINIMUM THRESHOLDS: METRICS

| Sustainability                                | Lowering                 | Reduction of Storage | Seawater                          | Degraded   | Land   | Surface Water   |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Indicators                                    | GW Levels                |                      | Intrusion                         | Quality  | Subsidence                                     | Depletion   |
| Metric(s)<br>Defined in<br>GSP<br>Regulations | Groundwater<br>Elevation | • Total<br>Volume    | Chloride concentration isocontour | Migration of Plumes     Number of supply wells     Volume     Location of isocontour | Rate and     Extent of     Land     Subsidence | Volume or<br>rate of<br>surface<br>water<br>depletion |

DRAFT PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS AND RESULTS TO BE REFINED AS GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY PLAN DEVELOPMENT PROCEEDS

Figure 2. Minimum Threshold Metrics

### **DEFINITION OF UNDESIRABLE RESULTS**

- Define for each sustainability indicator
- Exceedance of Minimum Threshold to yield undesirable result will be defined by:
  - Two consecutive fall measurements below Minimum Threshold
  - 30 percent of wells below Minimum
     Threshold

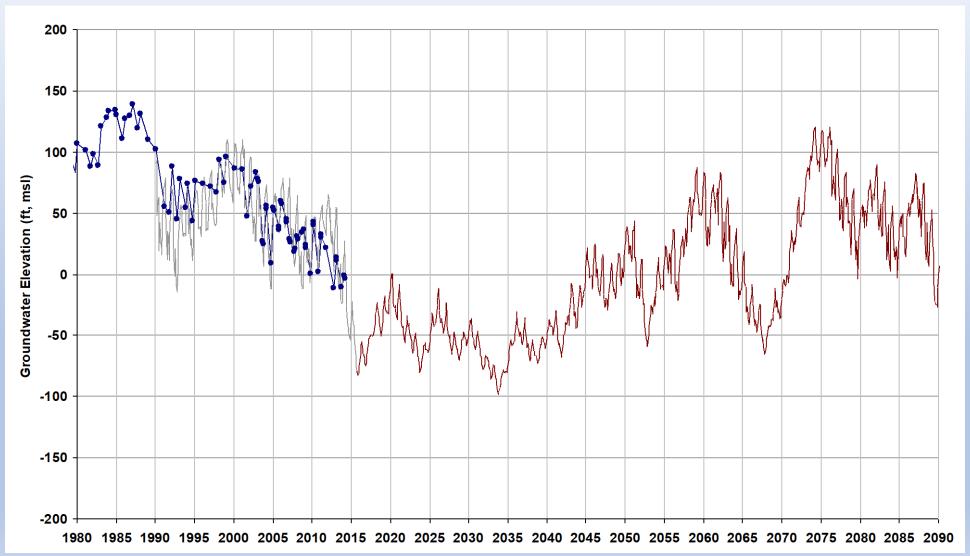
# SETTING MINIMUM THRESHOLDS FOR GROUNDWATER LEVELS

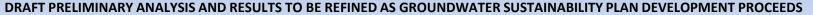
- Existing beneficial uses
  - Drinking water (private wells, small community, etc.)
  - Irrigation
  - Environment
- Human right to water (AB 685)
- Importance of agriculture to County economy
- GSAs recognize inter-connection of these factors
- GSAs need time to transition and complete projects and actions the time required will result in lower groundwater levels during implementation
- Discussing mitigation for impacts can address concerns of lowered groundwater levels during implementation

# METHOD USED FOR GROUNDWATER LEVEL MINIMUM THRESHOLDS

- Using the groundwater model:
  - Prepare hydrographs of expected future conditions at various wells...with planned projects and actions
  - Use "average" hydrology for 2020 through 2040
    - Removes extreme impacts from starting wet or dry
  - Use 1965-2015 to represent 2041 through 2090
- Follow steps and adjustments for each representative monitoring well
  - Create artifical '10-year drought'
  - Check against lowest point during implementation and sustainability
  - · Evaluate potential impact to drinking wells and develop mitigation

### Step 1: plot measured and modeled results





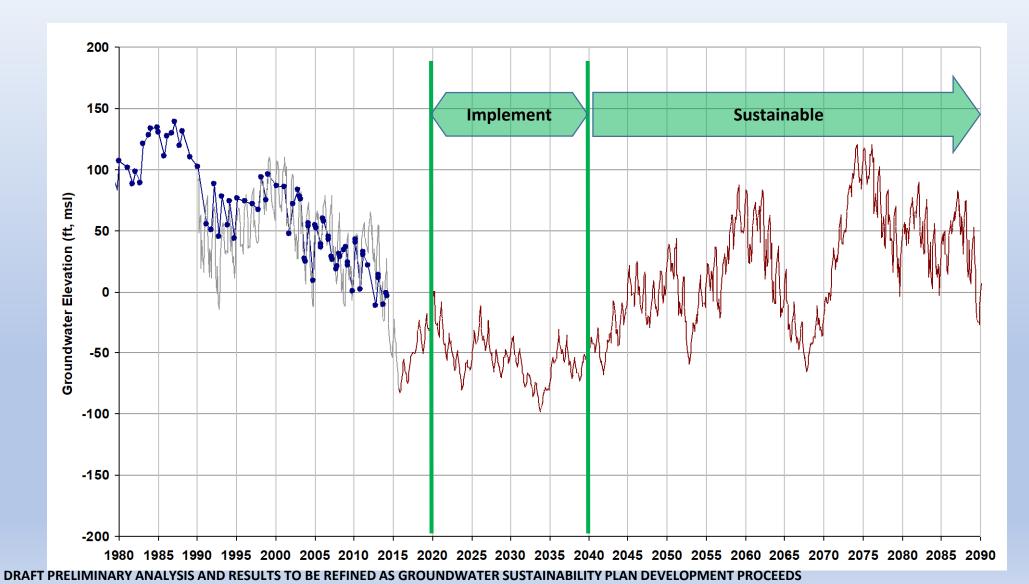








### Step 2: Show 'implementation' and 'sustainability' periods



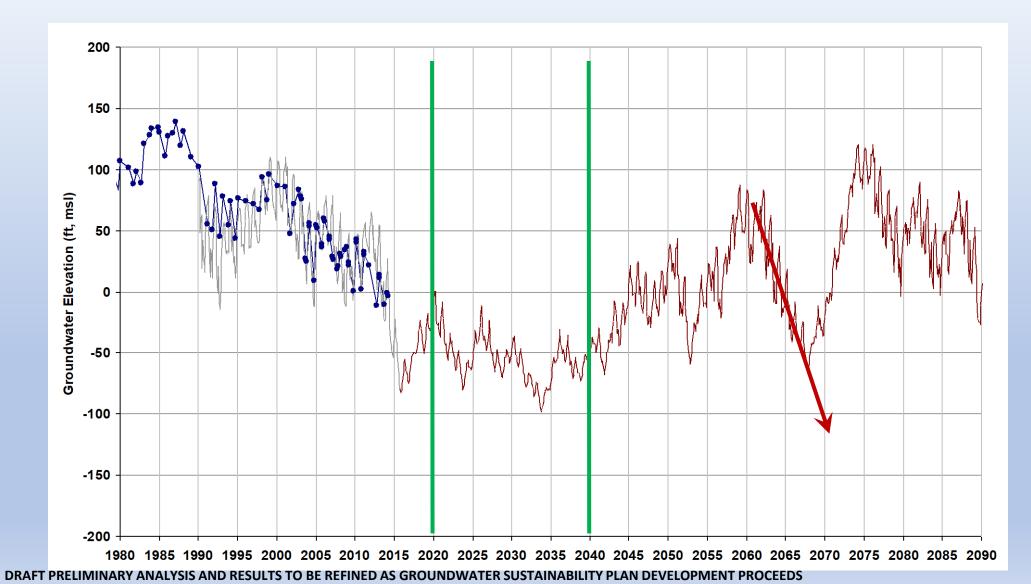








### Step 3: Extend 2060's drought



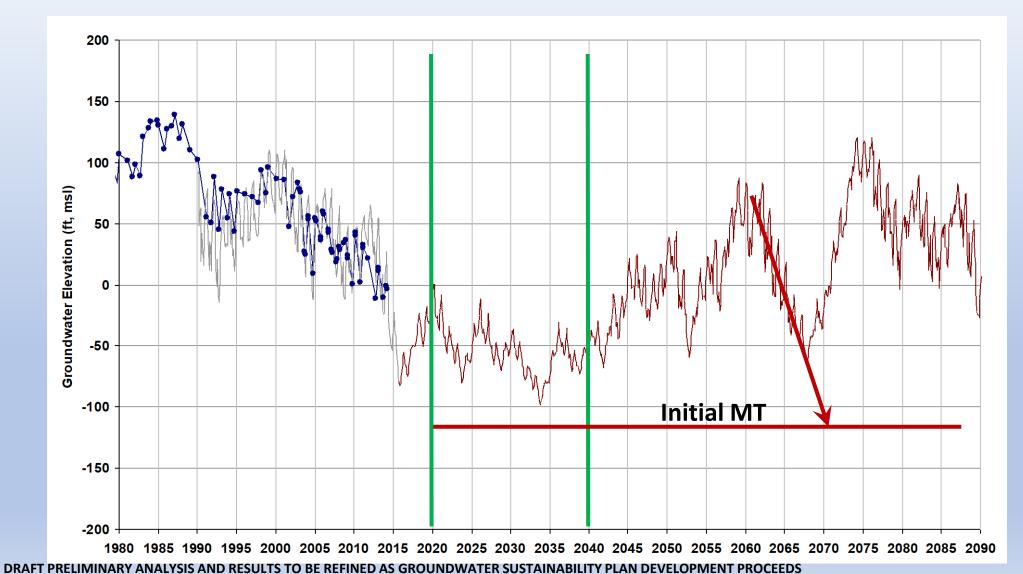








### Step 4: Draw initial Minimum Threshold (MT) level at base of extended drought



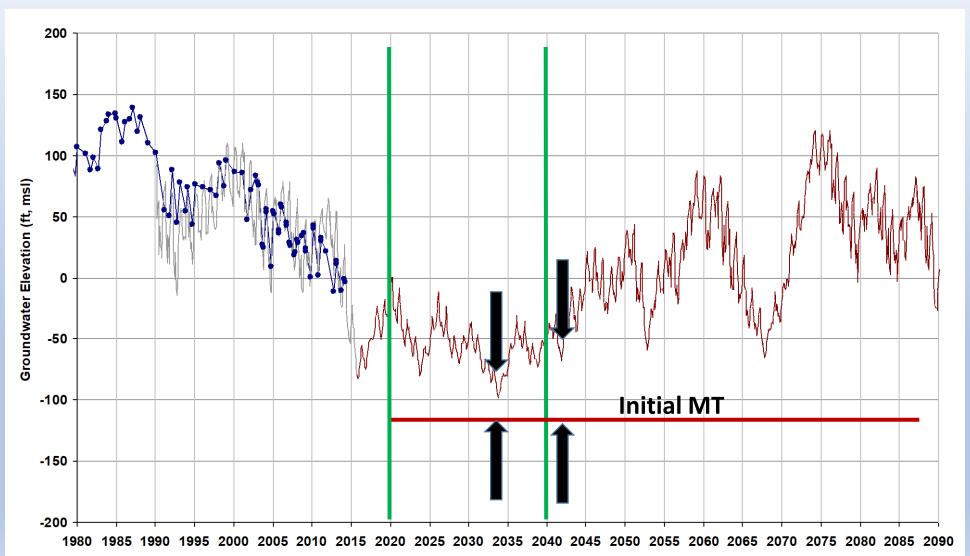








### Step 5: Check if below lowest point during implementation and sustainability periods; adjust downward if necessary





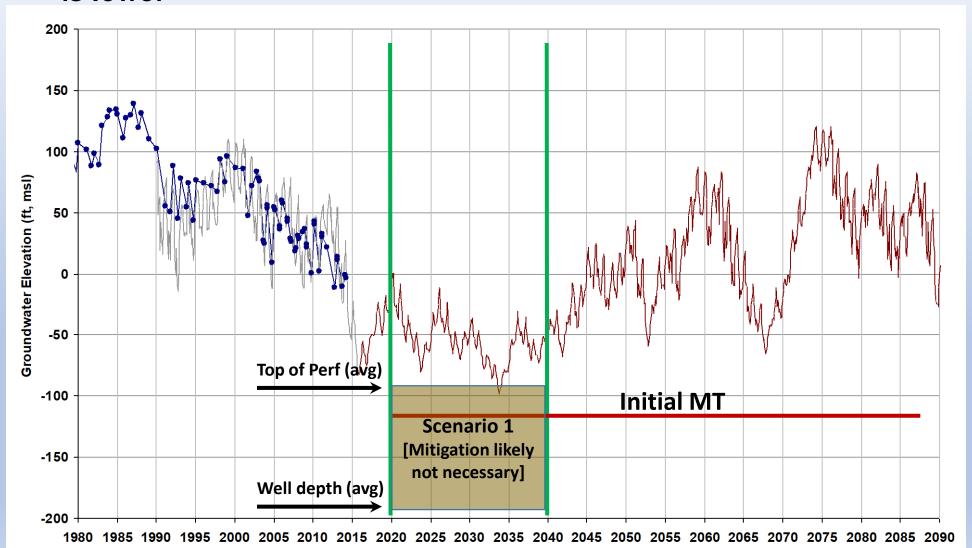








Step 6: Assess local drinking water well information for potential impact; plan for mitigation where Minimum Threshold is lower





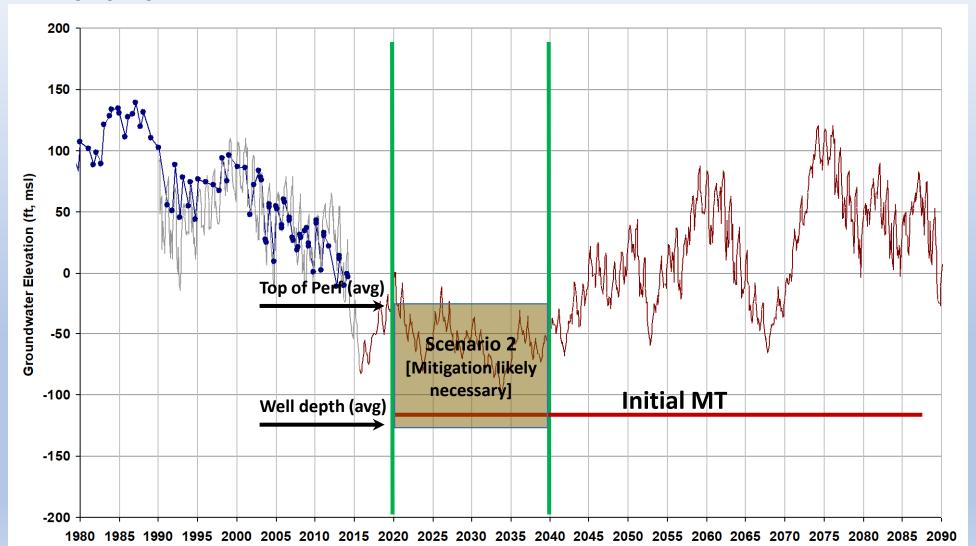






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Step 6: Assess local drinking water well information for potential impact; plan for mitigation where Minimum Threshold is lower



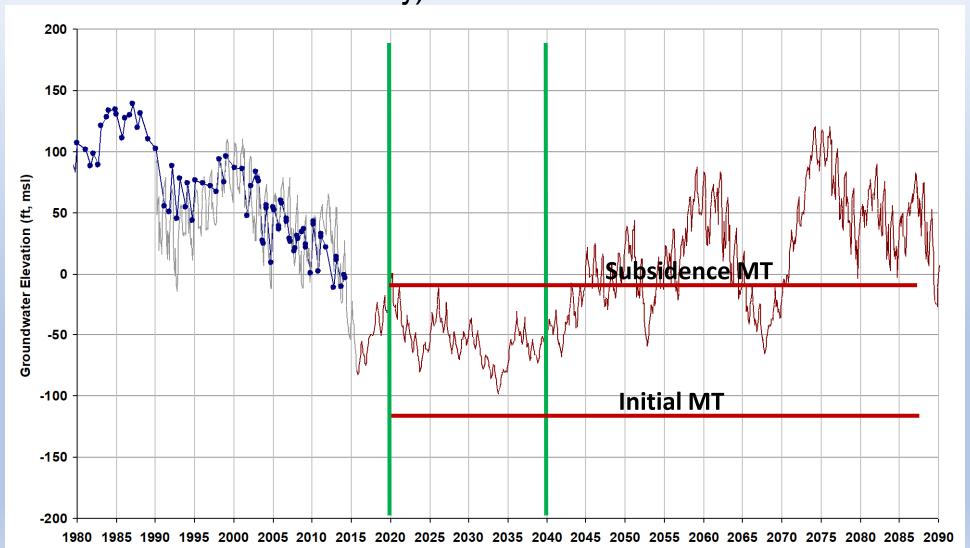








Step 7: If subsidence is a concern in area, adjust Minimum Threshold upward to match most recent low point (primarily for wells below Corcoran Clay)













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# THE GSAS ARE DISCUSSING A MITIGATION PROGRAM FOR IMPACTED DRINKING WATER WELLS

- Details developed during first year of implementation
- Possible mitigation actions
  - Replace/lower existing well
  - Connect to community water system
- Possible types of support
  - Low interest loans
  - Grants
- Likely will require well owners to sign up for program

# SETTING MINIMUM THRESHOLD FOR REDUCTION IN GROUNDWATER STORAGE

- The proposed Minimum Threshold is no longterm reduction in groundwater storage volume during the sustainability period
- Reduction in groundwater storage volume will be quantified based on measured groundwater levels in monitoring network wells

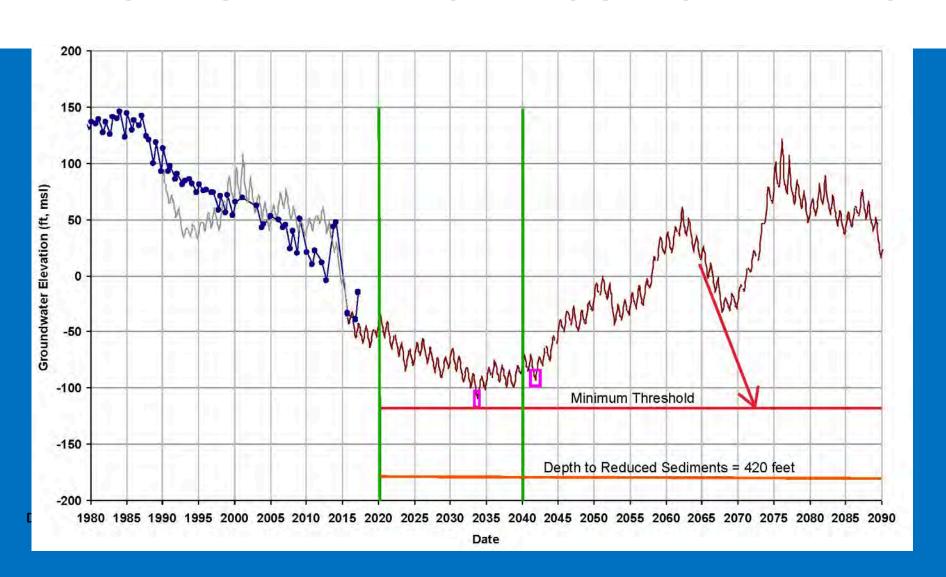
# SETTING MINIMUM THRESHOLDS FOR LAND SUBSIDENCE

- Implement groundwater level Minimum
   Threshold methodology to set initial Minimum
   Threshold;
- 2) Evaluate ongoing benchmark (and other) subsidence surveys during the Implementation Period and conduct adaptive management (modify Minimum Thresholds to account for subsidence if warranted).

# SETTING MINIMUM THRESHOLDS FOR GROUNDWATER QUALITY

- MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level
- Applicable drinking water standards (e.g., MCL) will serve as Minimum Thresholds for key constituents (e.g., nitrate, arsenic, Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)):
- MCLs are standards set by U.S. EPA and the State for drinking water quality
- MCLs are allowable limits for public water systems under Safe Drinking Water Act
- Setting GW level MTs above depth of reduced sediments helps reduce likelihood of arsenic exceedances

## SETTING MINIMUM THRESHOLDS FOR GW QUALITY: ARSENIC - DEPTH TO REDUCED SEDIMENTS



### SETTING MINIMUM THRESHOLDS FOR GROUNDWATER QUALITY: NITRATE AND TDS

- 1) Nitrate concentrations may be trending upward over time unrelated to GSP implementation actions;
- 2) Focus on impacts from GSP projects and management actions;
- 3) Coordinate with Central Valley RWQCB Salt and Nitrate Control Program and Irrigated Lands Program - work with others to develop plan during Implementation Period;
- 4) Develop plans for monitoring water quality impacts related to individual projects as part of project design process, utilizing existing monitoring to the extent possible.

## SETTING MINIMUM THRESHOLDS FOR SURFACE WATER DEPLETION

- 1) Surface water depletion a function of surface water levels/flow and groundwater levels;
- 2) GW levels far below subbasin streams except portions of San Joaquin River (SJR);
- 3) Available data indicate GW levels below SJR channel bottom are relatively shallow in some places but still disconnected as of 2015;
- 4) MTs will not be set for surface water depletion

# EVALUATION OF GROUNDWATER DEPENDENT ECOSYSTEMS

- 1) Certain vegetation is dependent on shallow depths to groundwater;
- Rooting depth for vegetation species present in shallow GW areas being evaluated;
- 3) GW levels within 30 feet of ground surface are a consideration for initial screening of potential GDEs;
- 4) Occur in small areas (generally less than 10 acres) of south and west Madera Subbasin boundary possibly also in far eastern shallow bedrock area

### Measurable Objectives

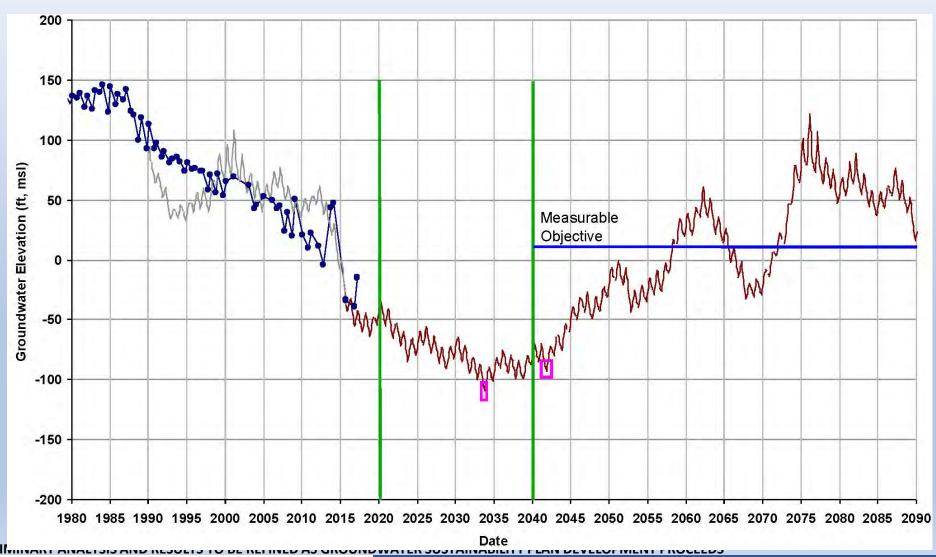
- 1) GW Levels Average of modeled monthly GW levels from 2040 to 2090 (see next slide);
- 2) GW Storage Use GW level Measurable Objectives to calculate storage volume;
- 3) Land Subsidence Use GW level Measurable **Objectives**;
- 4) GW Quality Current constituent concentrations
- 5) Surface Water Depletion Not required;







### Measurable Objective: GW Levels











### Interim Milestones

- 1) GW Levels Modeled GW levels during Implementation Period (see next slide);
- 2) GW Storage Use GW levels as basis for calculating storage volumes;
- 3) Land Subsidence Same as Subsidence Minimum Thresholds;
- 4) GW Quality Current constituent concentrations;
- 5) Surface Water Depletion Not required;

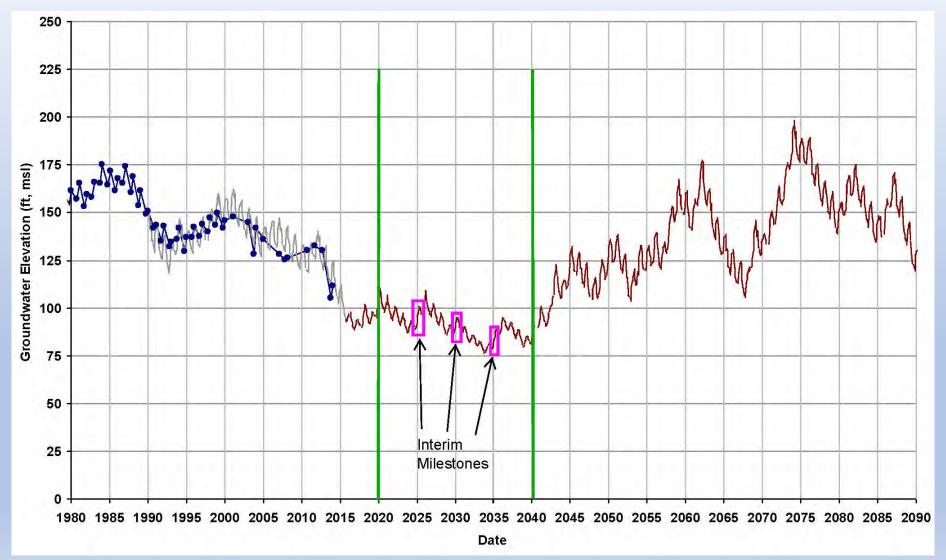








### **Interim Milestones: GW Levels**





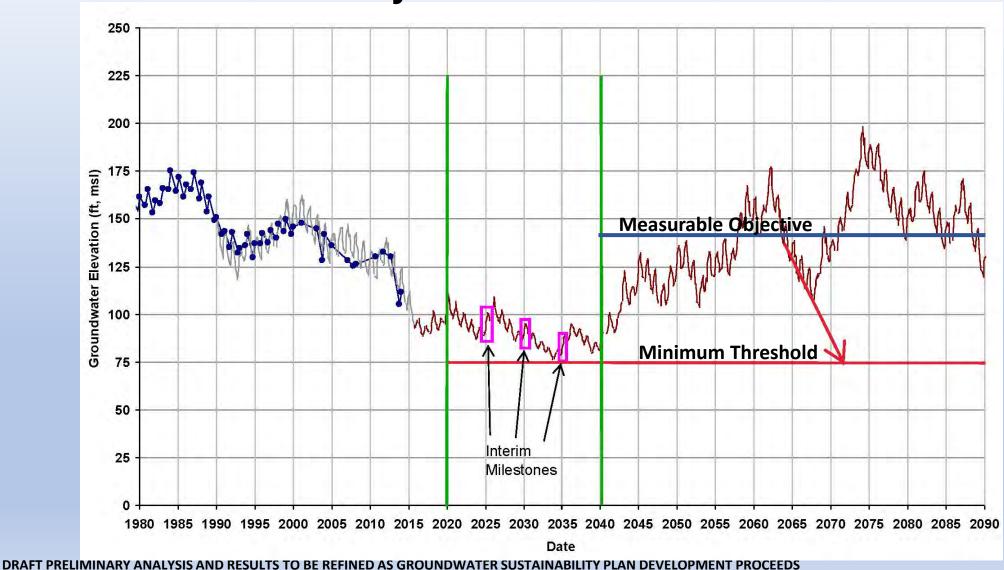








# Interim Milestones, Minimum Threshold, and Measurable Objective for GW Levels











### QUESTIONS/FEEDBACK