







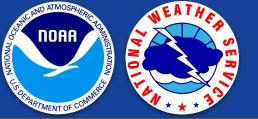
## Welcome! Topics to discuss:

Brief Weather Outlook

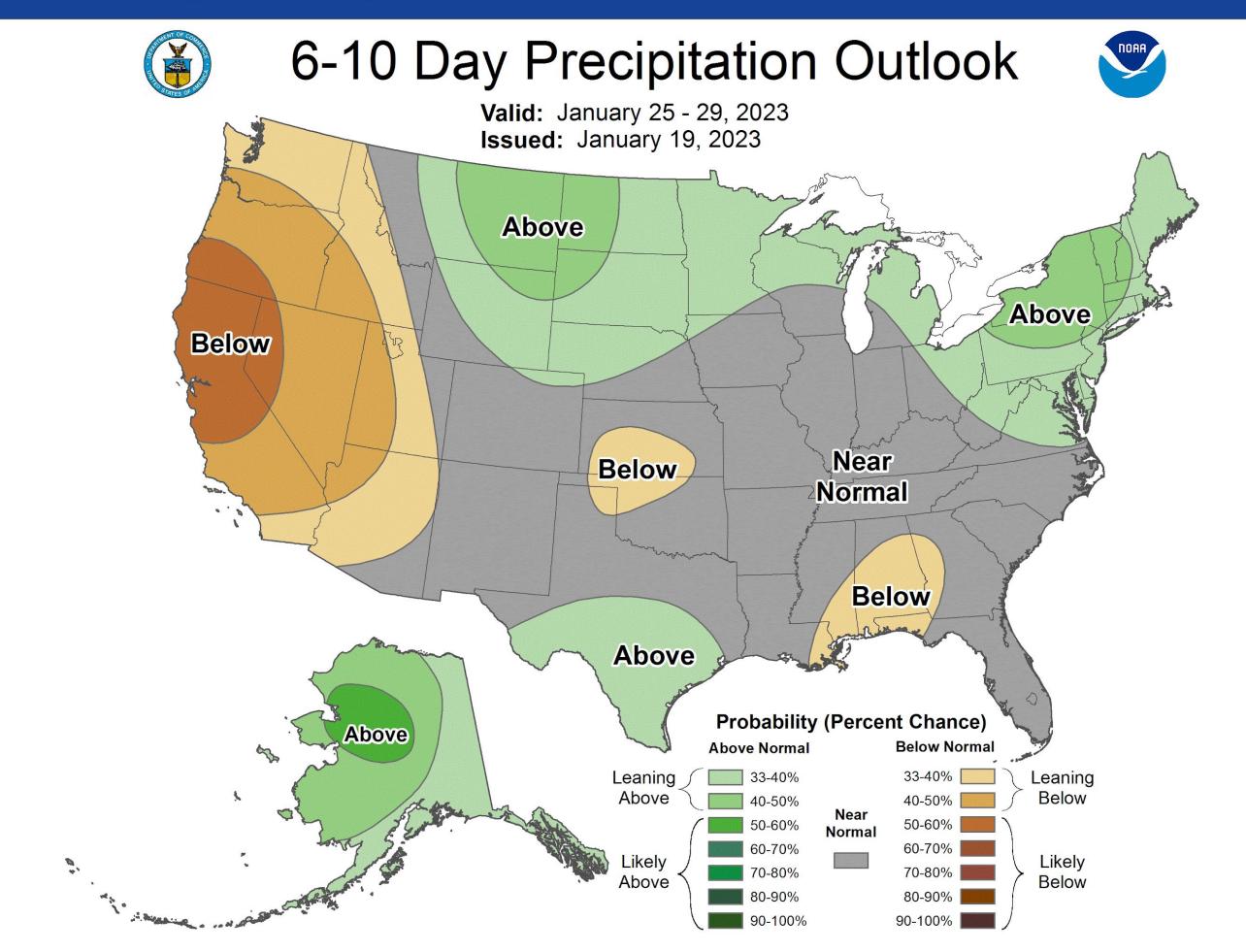
Atmospheric Rivers

Snow Levels

 Drought conditions: Are the recent rains helping to end the drought?

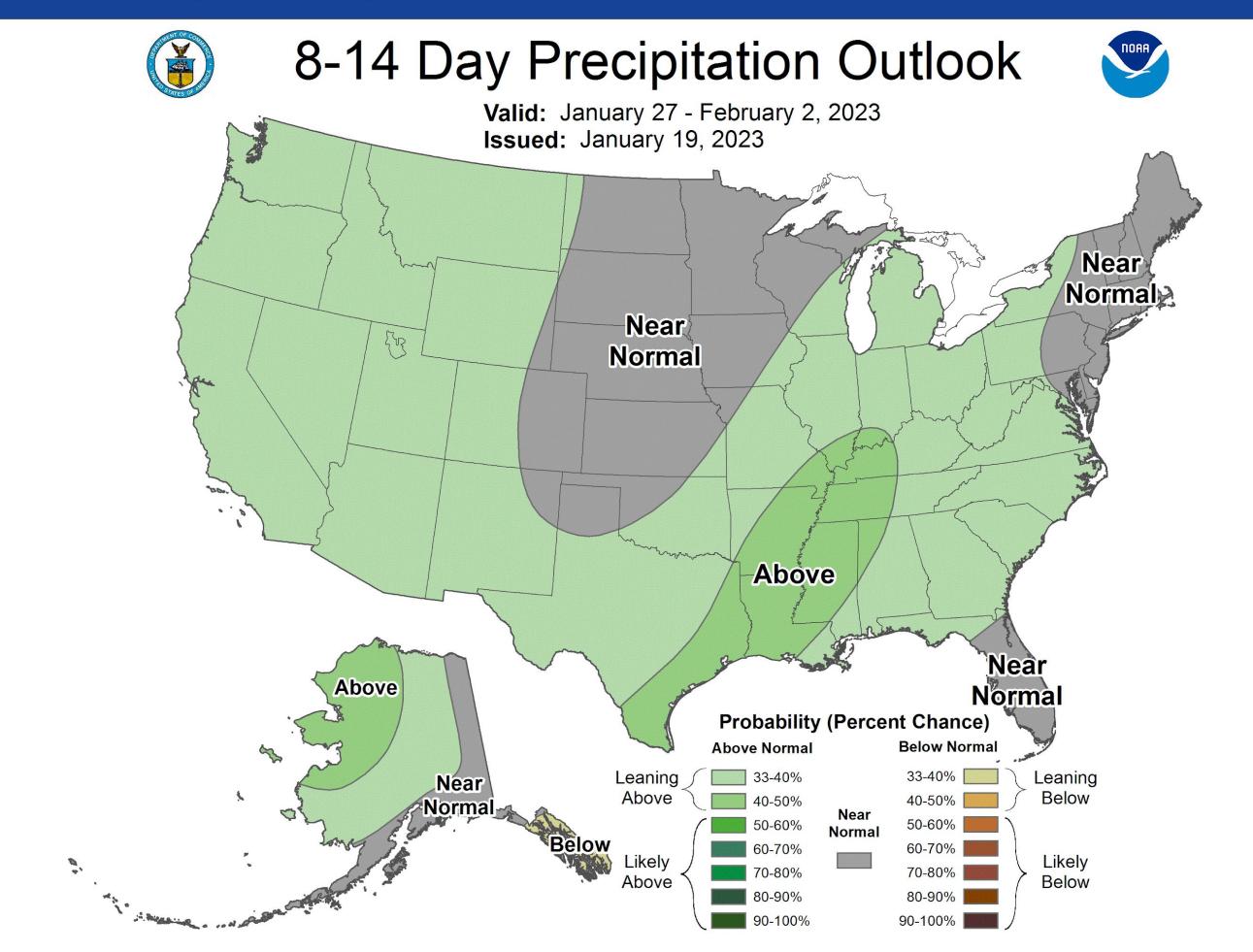


# 6-10 Day Precipitation Outlook



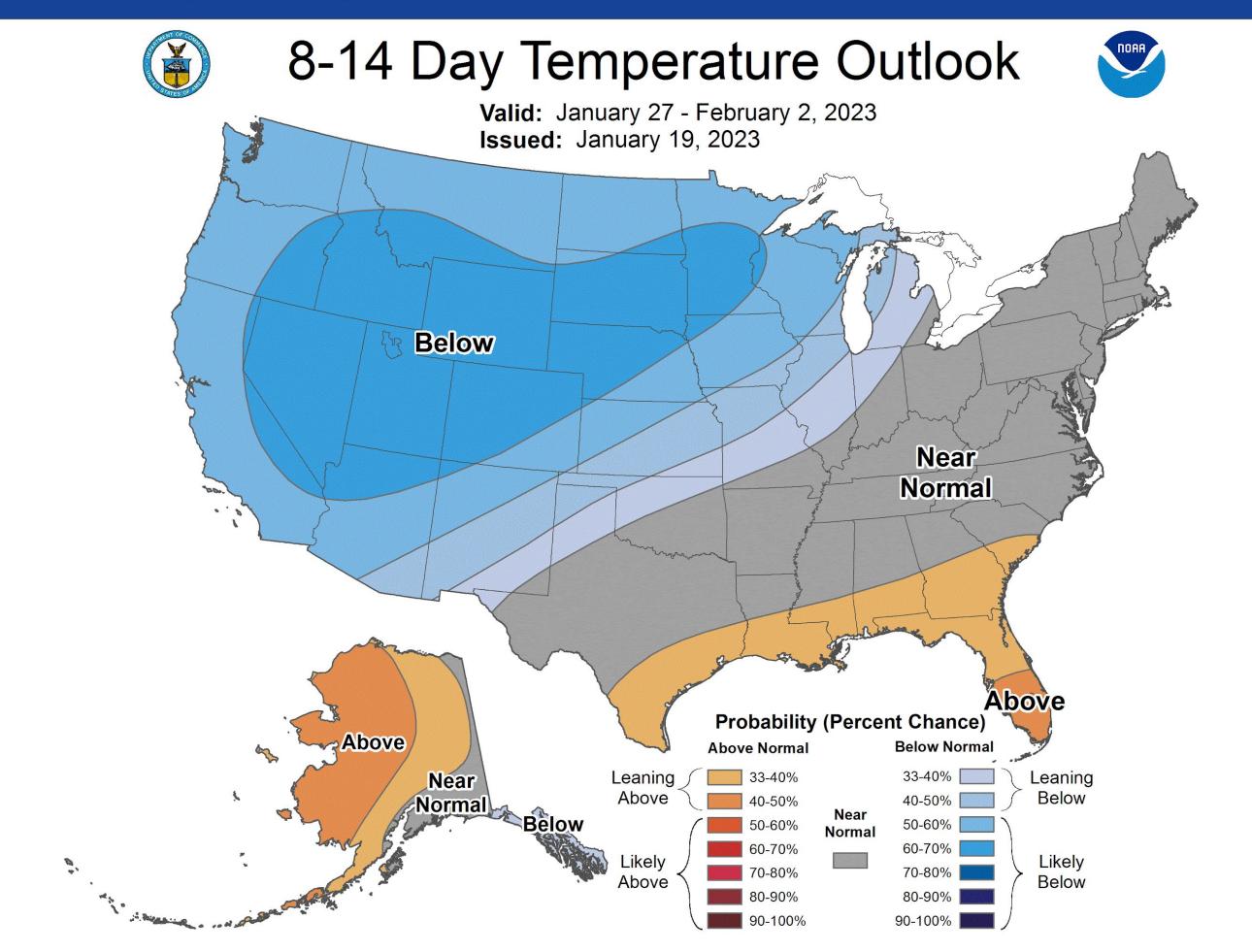


# 8-14 Day Precipitation Outlook

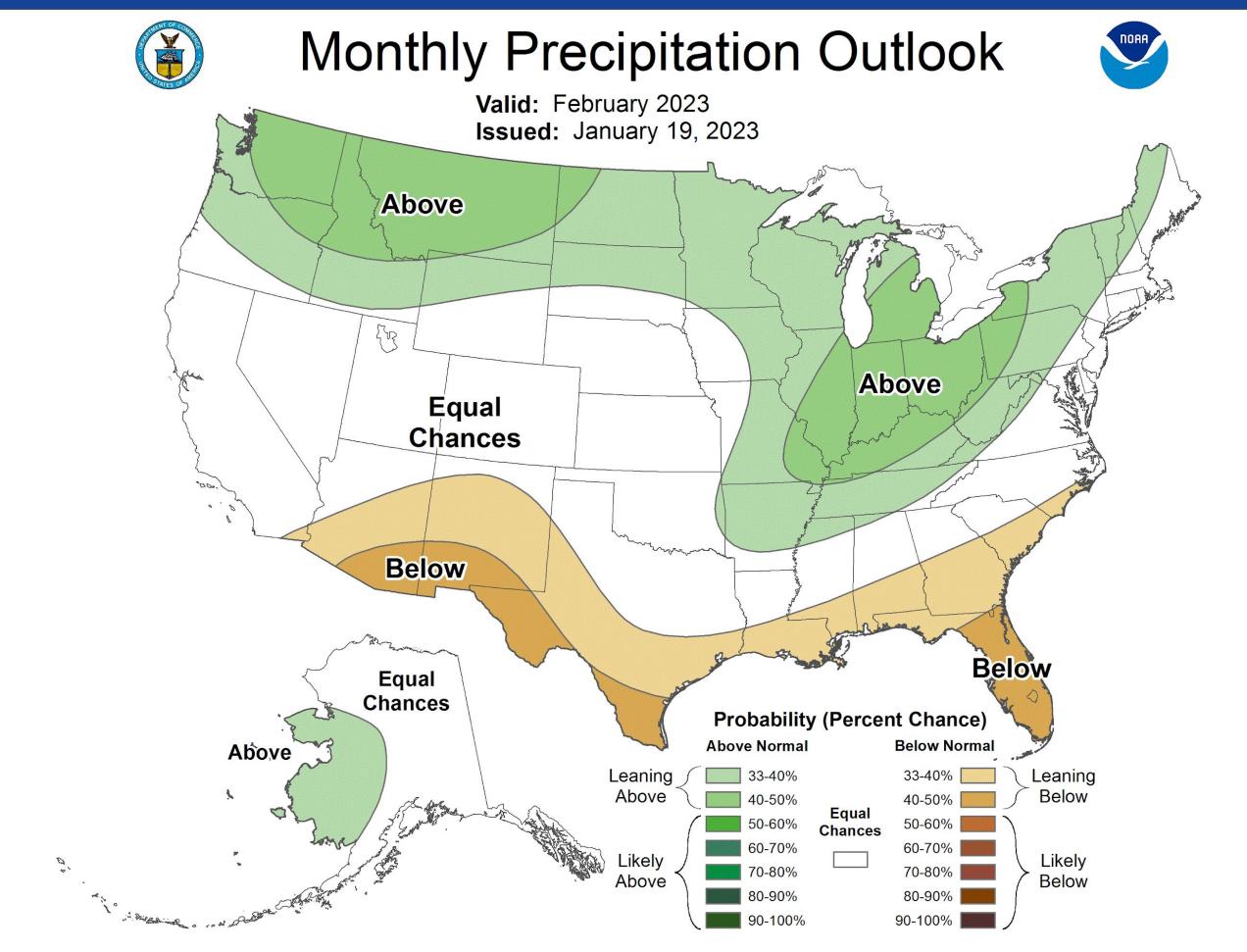




# 8-14 Day Temperature Outlook









# Atmospheric Rivers:What are they?

Lets watch this short video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?reload=9&v=NULrvr8pTBg



#### **Quick Facts**

On average, about 30-50% of annual precipitation in the west coast states occurs in just a few AR events, thus contributing to water supply.

In the strongest cases ARs can create major flooding when they make landfall and stall over an area.

ARs move with the weather and are present somewhere on the Earth at any given time.

On average, ARs are 400-600 km wide.

ARs are a default feature in the entire global water cycle, and are tied closely to both water supply and flood risks, particularly in the Western U.S.

A well-known example of a type of strong AR that can hit the U.S. West Coast is the "Pineapple Express," due to their apparent ability to bring moisture from the tropics near Hawaii to the U.S. west coast.

Improved understanding of ARs and their importance has come from more than a decade of scientific studies using new satellite, radar, aircraft & other observations & major weather model improvements.



### The science behind atmospheric rivers

# The science behind atmospheric rivers

An atmospheric river (AR) is a flowing column of condensed water vapor in the atmosphere responsible for producing significant levels of rain and snow, especially in the Western United States. When ARs move inland and sweep over the mountains, the water vapor rises and cools to create heavy precipitation. Though many ARs are weak systems that simply provide beneficial rain or snow, some of the larger, more powerful ARs can create extreme rainfall and floods capable of disrupting travel, inducing mudslides and causing catastrophic damage to life and property. Visit www.research.noaa.gov to learn more.

A strong AR transports an amount of water vapor roughly equivalent to 7.5–15 times the average flow of water at the mouth of the Mississippi River.

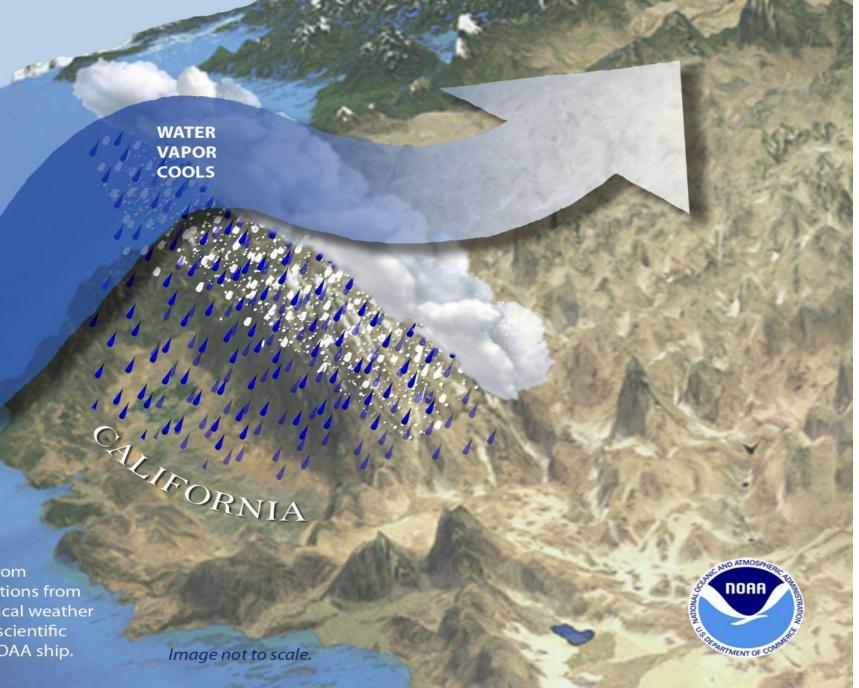
ARs are a primary feature in the entire global water cycle and are tied closely to both water supply and flood risks, particularly in the Western U.S.

On average, about 30-50% of annual precipitation on the West Coast occurs in just a few AR events and contributes to the water supply — and flooding risk.

ARs move with the weather and are present somewhere on Earth at any given time.

ARs are approximately 250–375 miles wide on average.

Scientists' improved understanding of ARs has come from roughly a decade of scientific studies that use observations from satellites, radar and aircraft as well as the latest numerical weather models. More studies are underway, including a 2015 scientific mission that added data from instruments aboard a NOAA ship.







#### Breakdown of Water Year 2023 over California

California Atmospheric Rivers								
Strength	Number of ARs							
Weak	4							
Moderate	10							
Strong	4							
Extreme	1							
Exceptional	0							
Total	19							



\*Arrows are placed on the map where each AR was strongest over the coast



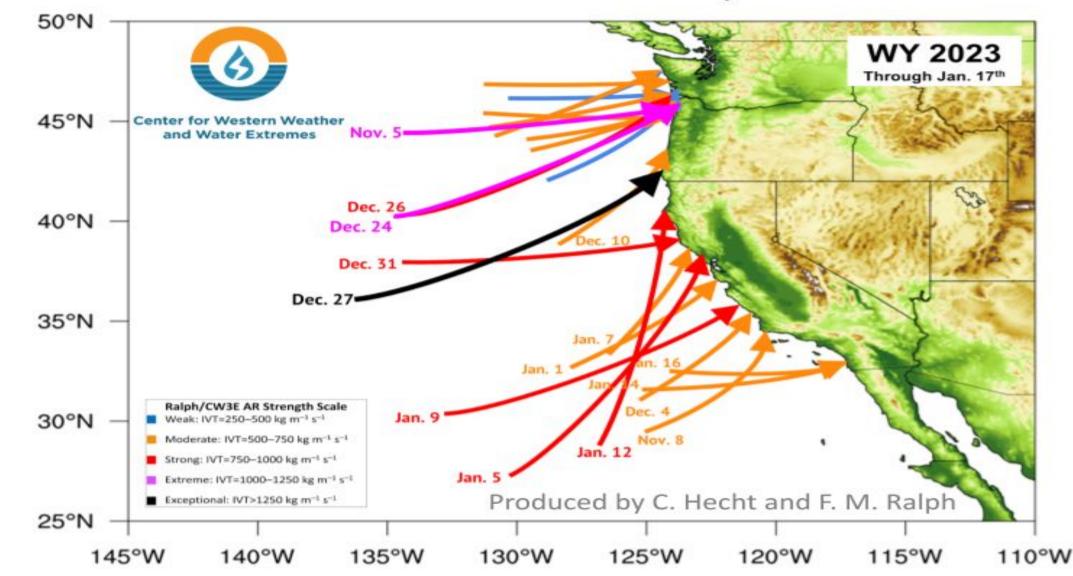
### Water Year 2023 Through January 17th

#### Water Year 2023 Through January 17th

Breakdown by Strength							
Strength	Number of ARs						
Weak	3						
Moderate	13						
Strong	5						
Extreme	2						
Exceptional	1						
Total	24						

Breakdown by Region							
Region	Times Impacted						
Washington	18						
Oregon	20						
N. California	17						
C. California	15						
S. California	10						

24 atmospheric rivers made landfall over the U.S. West Coast between October 1st 2022 and January 17th 2023



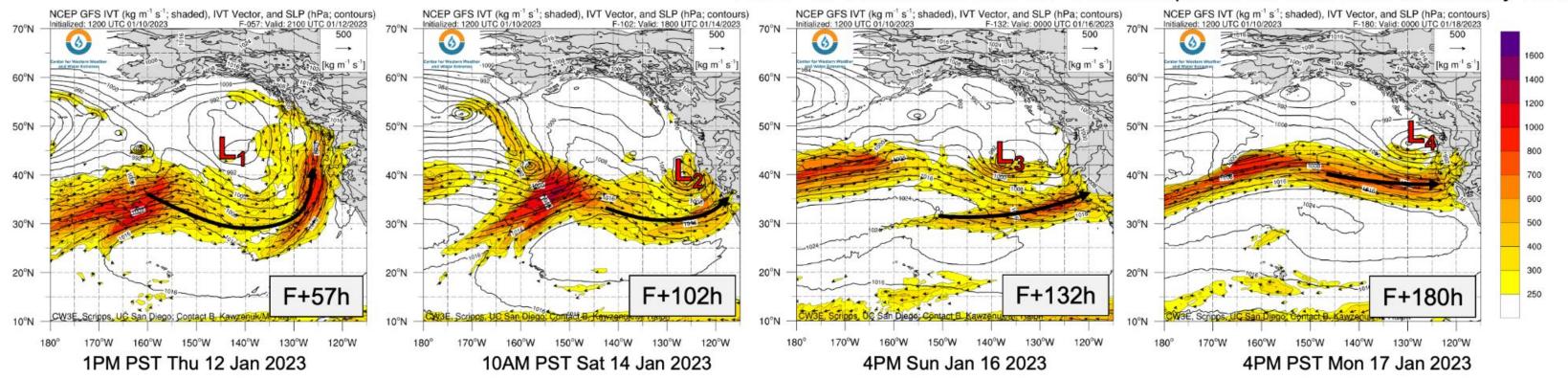




### Let's take a look at the AR from January 10, 2023

### CW3E AR Outlook: 10 January 2023

#### NCEP GFS Model IVT and SLP Forecast (initialized 1200 UTC 10 January 2023)



#### Four Atmospheric Rivers are forecast to make landfall over U.S. West Coast over the next week

- The first AR is forecast to make landfall around 7 AM 11 January, bringing moderate-to-strong southerly AR
  conditions to coastal locations across Northern CA, OR, & WA
- The second AR is forecast to make landfall over the Central CA coast around 1 AM on the 14<sup>th</sup>, bringing moderate AR conditions to coastal points south of Monterey
- A third AR is then forecast to make landfall over a similar location to the second at ~7AM on the 15th
- The large-scale flow regime is then forecast to shift northward and a fourth, moderate-to-strong, AR is
  forecast to make landfall over Northern CA at ~10 AM on the 17<sup>th</sup>



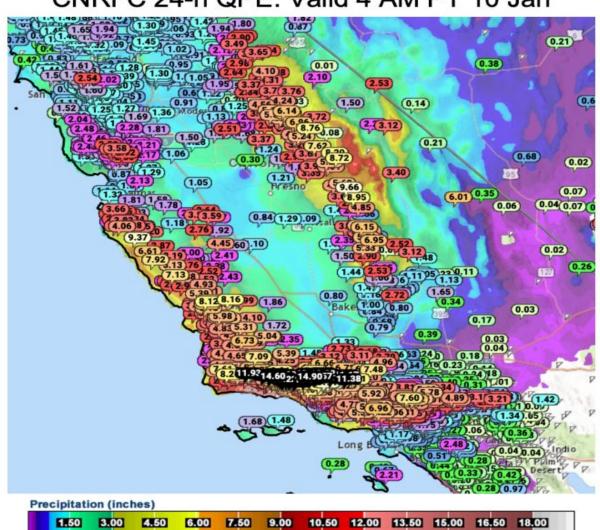




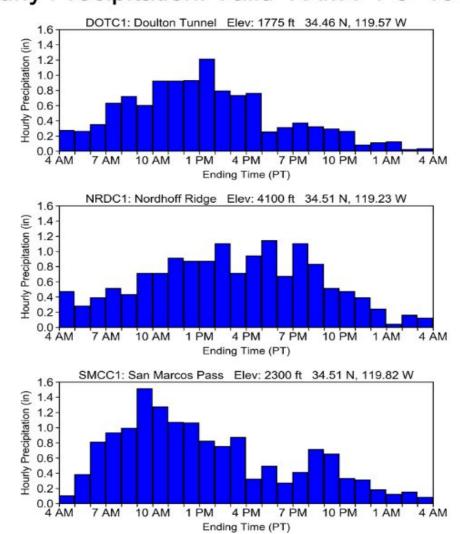
### CW3E AR Outlook: 10 January 2023

#### Observed & Forecast Precipitation from the Ongoing Storm

CNRFC 24-h QPE: Valid 4 AM PT 10 Jan



Hourly Precipitation: Valid 4 AM PT 9-10 Jan







- This storm produced at least 4–8 inches of precipitation in a 24-hour period over the Southern Sierra Nevada, Central California Coast Ranges, and
  eastern Transverse Ranges
- Some locations in the mountains of Santa Barbara and Ventura Counties received more than 10 inches of precipitation, with sustained hourly
  rainfall rates in excess of 0.50 inches/hour
- An additional 2

  4 inches of precipitation are expected by Wednesday morning in the Sierra Nevada, with 1

  3 inches expected in the California Coast Ranges, Transverse Ranges, and Peninsular Ranges



### Snow levels

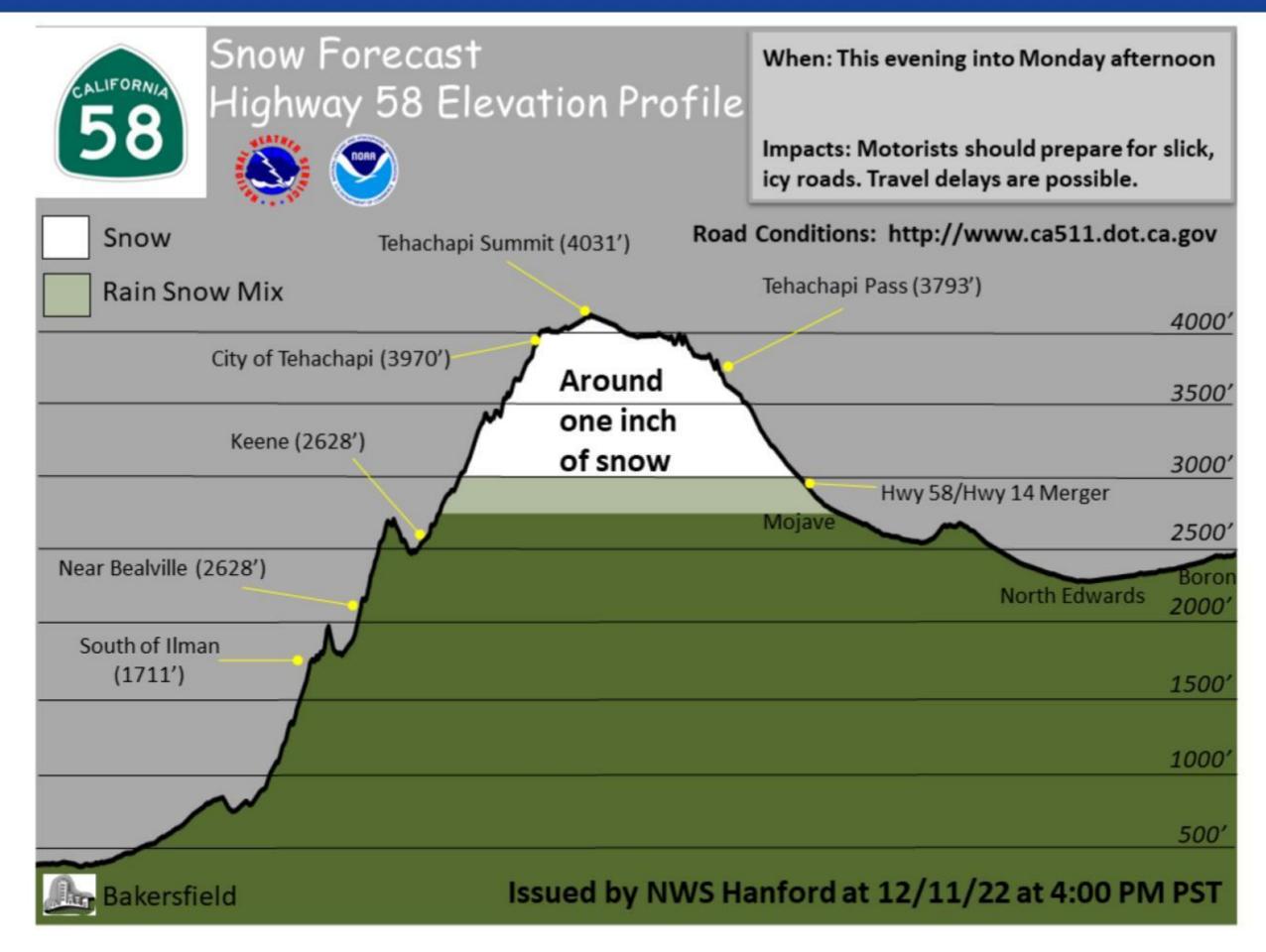


- Snow levels depends on temperature
- Available moisture
- Winds

National Snow Analyses - NOHRSC - The ultimate source for snow information (noaa.gov)

Interactive Map (usda.gov)

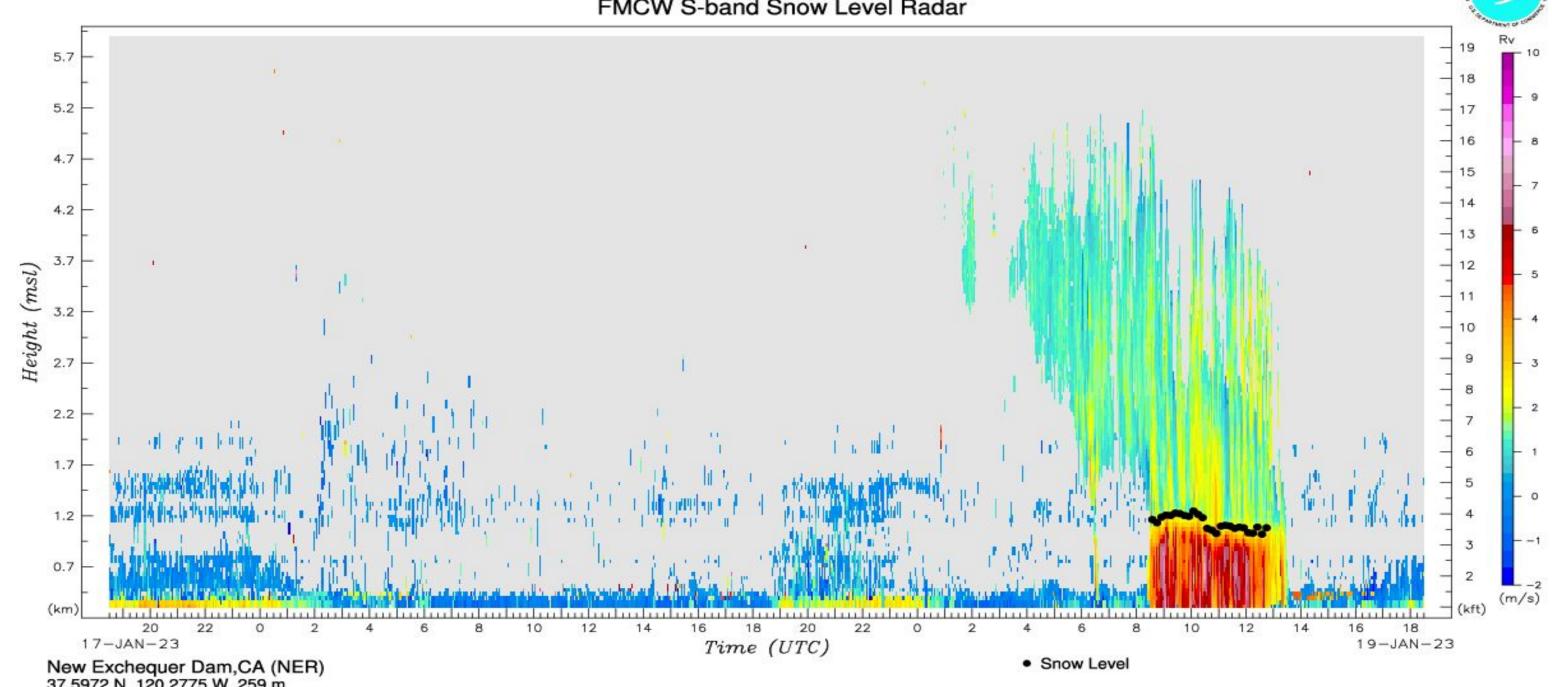
### **Tehachapi Pass**







## NOAA Physical Sciences Laboratory FMCW S-band Snow Level Radar



New Exchequer Dam, CA (NER)	
37.5972 N, 120.2775 W, 259 m	

Time (UTC)	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	00 0	0100	0200	0300	0400	0500	0600	0700	0800	0900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800
Snow Level (m)	none																							
Snow Level (ft)	none																							
Sfc Temp (C)	85.91	89.58	86.91	84.01	78.89	83.03	82.67	83.90	85.39	88.07	90.23	91.50	93.61	93.72	93.07	93.20	92.87	91.45	90.20	88.13	86.30	84.33	76.33	65.89

Time (UTC)	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	00 0	0100	0200	0300	0400	0500	0600	0700	0800	0900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800
Snow Level (m)	none	1195	1209	1087	1079	1051	none	none	none	none	none													
Snow Level (ft)	none	3919	3965	3567	3540	3447	none	none	none	none	none													
Sfc Temp (C)	73.34	74.23	72.43	70.98	72.43	73.60	75.24	79.02	84.04	84.31	73.62	75.66	78.36	77.40	77.85	82.64	82.92	86.95	89.36	87.13	86.09	85.10	85.18	83.97



### Are the recent rains helping to end the drought?



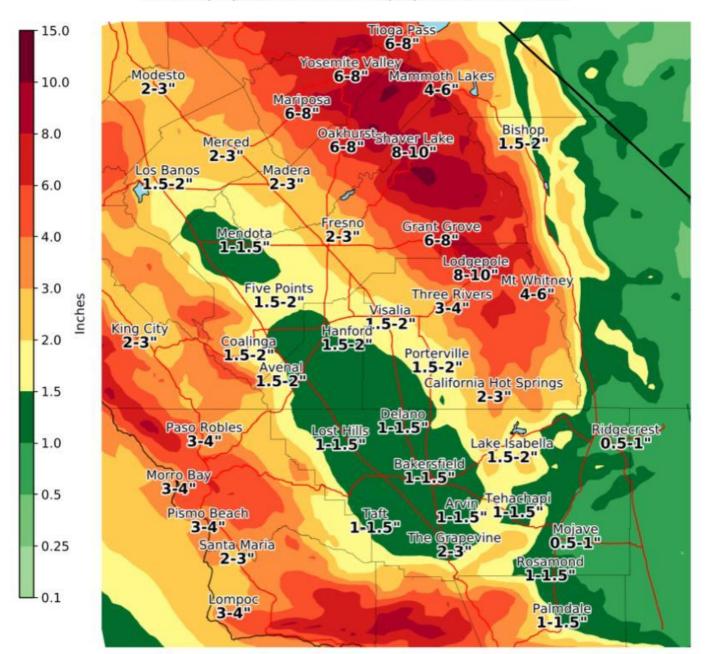


### **Projected Rain Totals Monday Through Tuesday Night**

Weather Forecast Office Hanford, CA Monday, January 9

#### **Projected Rainfall Amounts**

Valid: 01/08/2023 10:00 PM - 01/10/2023 10:00 PM PST



#### **Location Rain Totals:**

Merced: 2-3 inches

Madera: 2-3 inches

Oakhurst: 6-8 inches

Mariposa: 6-8 inches

### Particular Wording in the **Excessive Rainfall Outlook** Discussion:

"[...] Impacts from flash flooding or more rapid inundation will become increasingly likely - especially across the several burn scars since 2020."



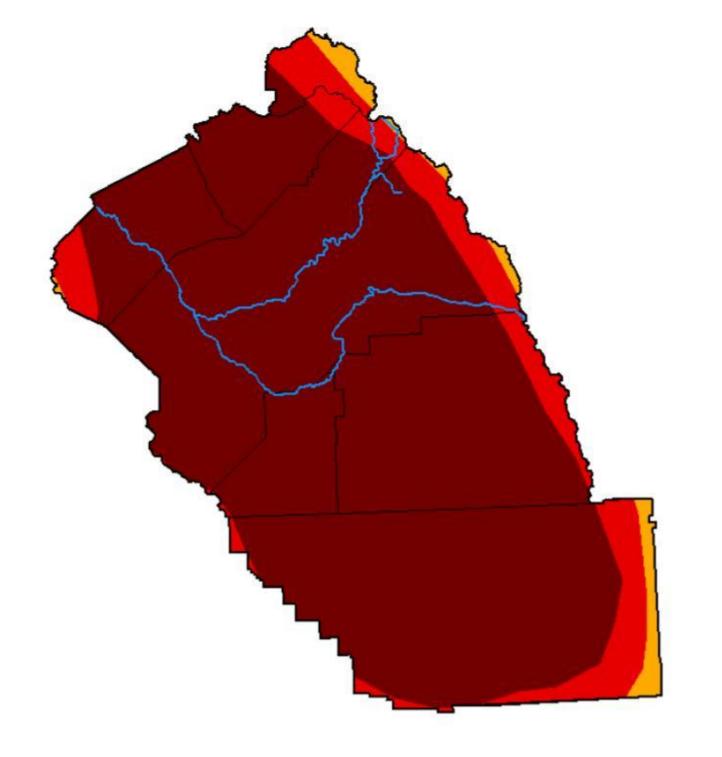






# Hanford, CA Current Drought Conditions

### **U.S. Drought Monitor** Hanford, CA WFO



#### November 8, 2022

(Released Thursday, Nov. 10, 2022) Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.55	85.95
Last Week 11-01-2022	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.55	85.95
3 Month's Ago 08-09-2022	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	95.85	85.87
Start of Calendar Year 01-04-2022	0.00	100.00	100.00	96.37	16.19	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-27-2022	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.55	85.95
One Year Ago	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	95.24

#### Intensity

intoriony.	
None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drough

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

#### Author:

Brian Fuchs National Drought Mitigation Center





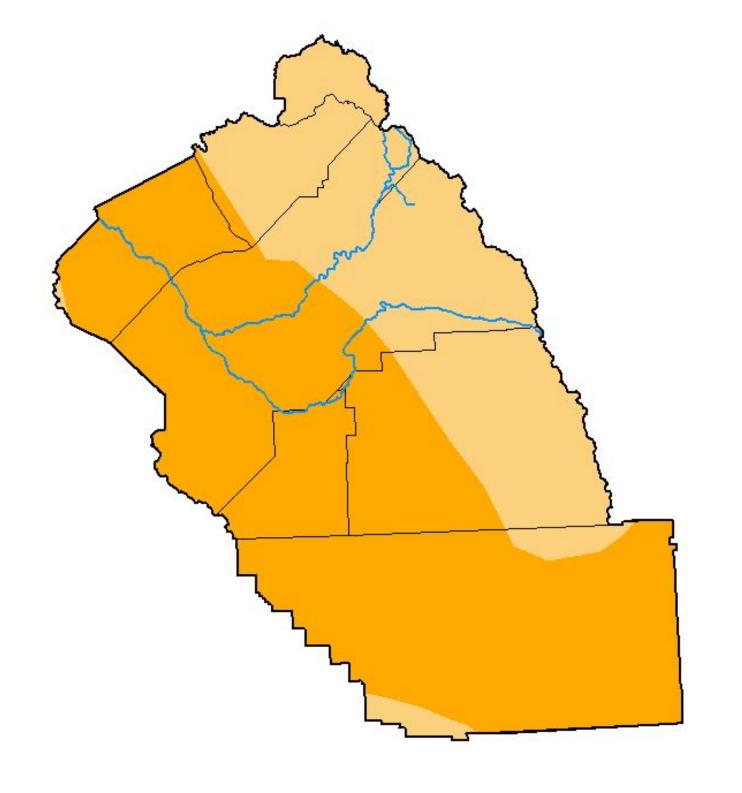




droughtmonitor.unl.edu



# U.S. Drought Monitor Hanford, CA WFO



#### January 17, 2023

(Released Thursday, Jan. 19, 2023)
Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.00	100.00	100.00	64.91	0.00	0.00
Last Week 01-10-2023	0.00	100.00	100.00	65.93	0.00	0.00
3 Month's Ago 10-18-2022	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.55	85.95
Start of Calendar Year 01-03-2023	0.00	100.00	100.00	88.26	63.71	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-27-2022	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.55	85.95
One Year Ago 01-18-2022	0.00	100.00	100.00	96.26	0.00	0.00

#### Intensity:

None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

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#### Author:

Deborah Bathke National Drought Mitigation Center







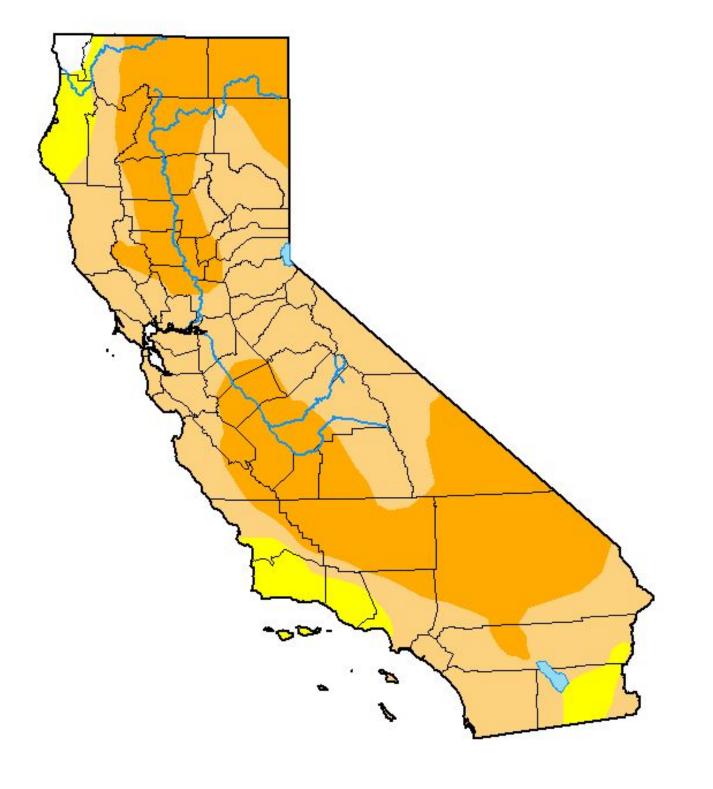


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**U.S. Drought Monitor** 

### California



#### January 17, 2023

(Released Thursday, Jan. 19, 2023) Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.64	99.36	92.12	42.84	0.00	0.00
Last Week 01-10-2023	0.00	100.00	95.38	46.00	0.32	0.00
3 Month s Ago 10-18-2022	0.00	100.00	99.77	91.83	40.91	16.57
Start of Calendar Year 01-03-2023	0.00	100.00	97.93	71.14	27.10	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-27-2022	0.00	100.00	99.76	94.01	40.91	16.57
One Year Ago 01-18-2022	0.00	100.00	99.25	66.39	1.39	0.00

#### Intensity:

None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

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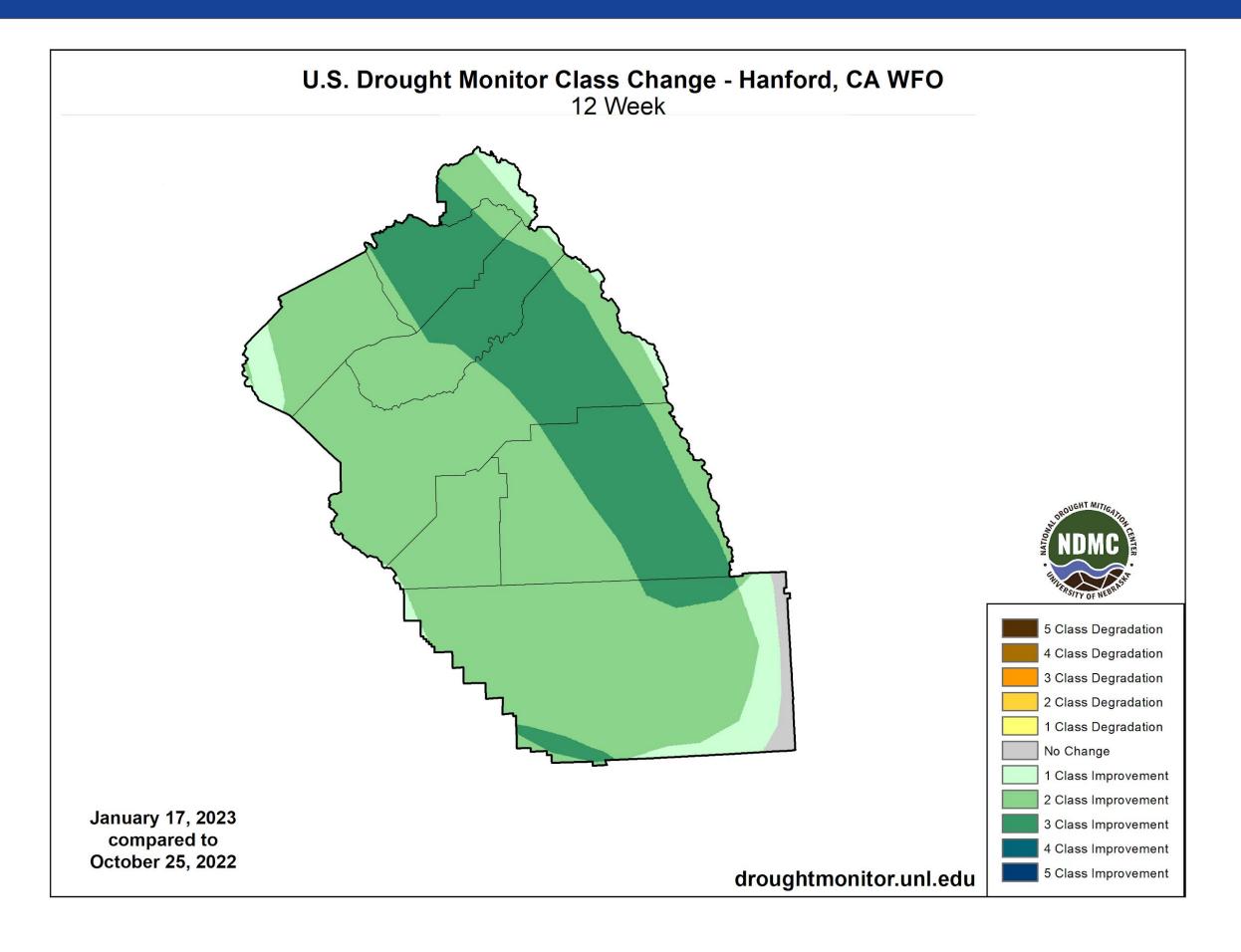




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# Hanford, CA 12 Week Drought Change

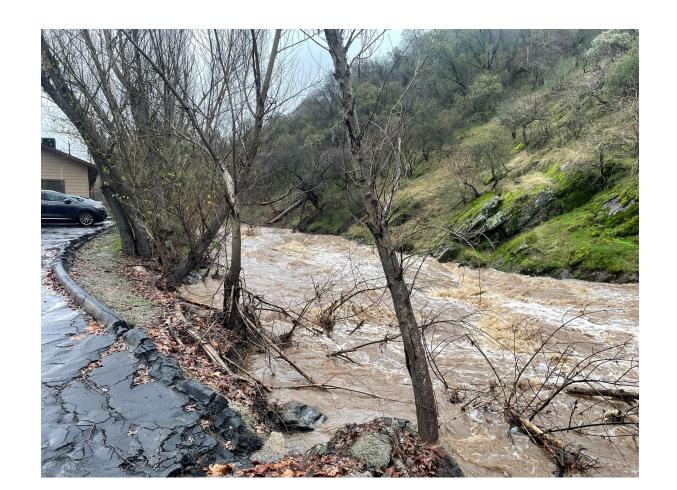


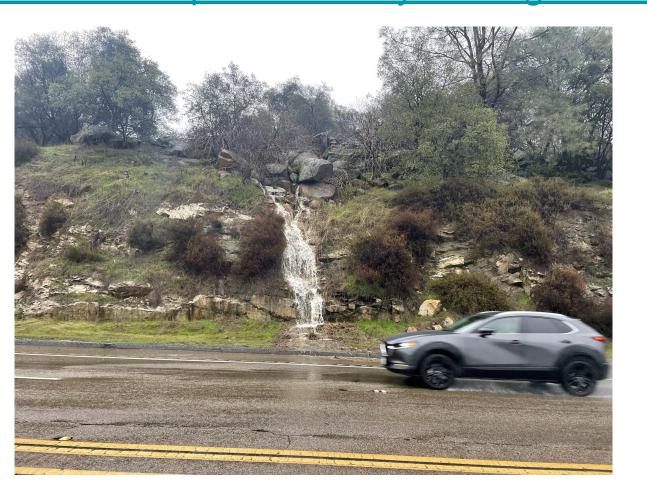




Brittany Jacob on Twitter: ""LEAVE NOW." An evacuation order has been issued for Bass Lake RV Resort & Springs Village due to flooding. There is an immediate threat to life. The area is being closed to public access. Take action immediately. !! A shelter has been set up in Oakhurst. @ABC30 https://t.co/c153ZXWGvG" / Twitter

Olen Hogenson KMPH on Twitter: "Heavy rain has caused extreme flash flooding in Madera county. This is willow creek near bass lake, California.@KMPHFOX26 https://t.co/ED8y6hYR1g" / Twitter





### Questions?



# If you have questions, or want to be added to partner email list, please contact:

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A Forecaster can be reached 24/7 (559) 584-9051 or nws.hanford@noaa.gov